

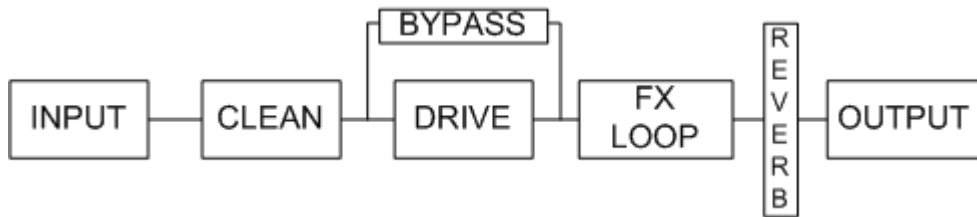


- Amps That Sing -

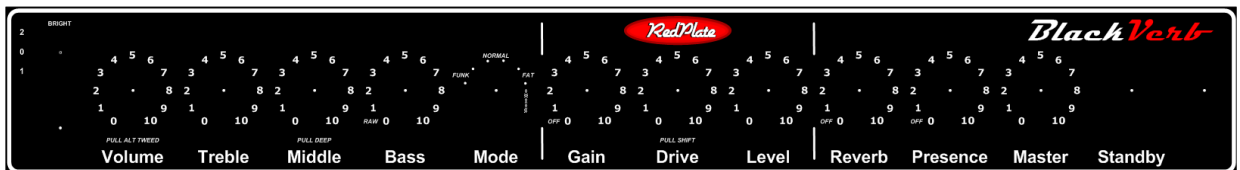
BlackVerb Standard Operations Manual

Welcome to the RedPlate Family, thank you for your purchase of a RedPlate BlackVerb Standard amplifier. Please take a moment and review this manual for an understanding of all the available features (or just put all the knobs at noon and play). This Manual applies to BlackVerb models produced after 03/01/2011. See the **Addendum Section** for the BlackVerb88 model differences.

Signal Path Block Diagram:

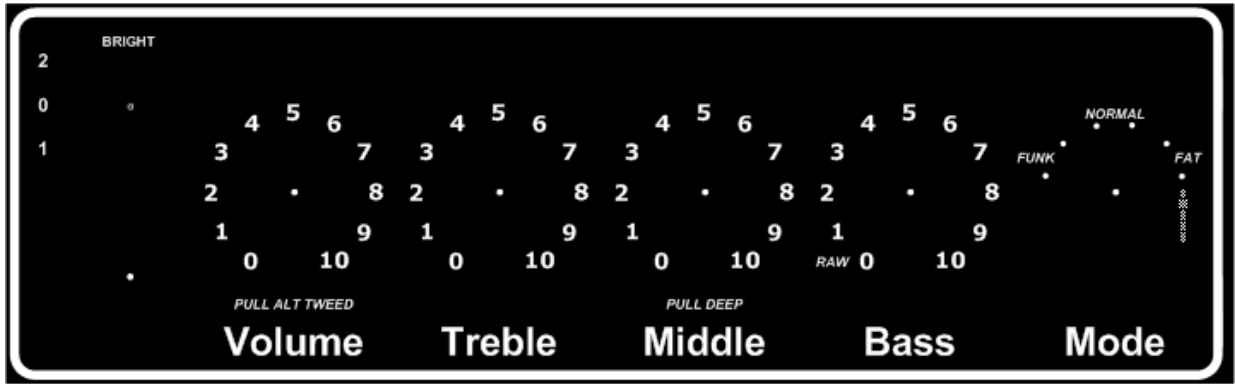


FRONT PANEL:



Input Jack – Typical High impedance input to the amplifier. Designed to be “Pedal Friendly” in the unlikely event you will ever use a pedal in front of the BlackVerb.

CLEAN PREAMP SECTION



The Clean Preamp is designed to imitate (and surpass) all of the “classic” guitar amp preamps. The BlackVerb gives the player the ability to do two unique things:

1. Shift the midrange center point frequency.
2. Select the amount of Bass gain appropriate to your guitar choice (via Humbucker/Single coil switch covered in the **Rear Panel** Section of this manual).

Bright Switch – Center = OFF, Down = sound of new strings, Up = normal Bright response.

Volume – Typical setting is between 3 and 5 but experimentation is encouraged. Pulls to switch the Tweed Boost to a more conventional Mid Boost (this topic is covered in the **Other Features** Section of this manual).

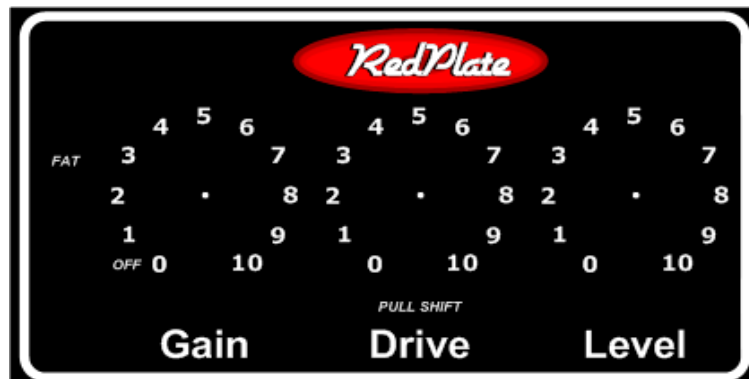
Treble Control - Adjusts highs (also upper midrange when the Tweed Boost is engaged).

Middle Control – Controls the amount of Midrange frequencies, somewhat interactive with the Bass Control. Pulls to enable “Deep” which scoops some midrange frequencies and emphasizes Bass (makes your electric sound more like an acoustic).

Bass Control – Sets the amount of low end. Can be rotated to zero where it clicks off for a full tone stack lift.

Mode Selector – A six position rotary switch, it steps through 5 progressively fatter positions of the midrange center frequency and achieves maximum fat midrange by engaging Tweed Boost in position 6 (see the **Other Features** section of this manual for details).

DRIVE SECTION



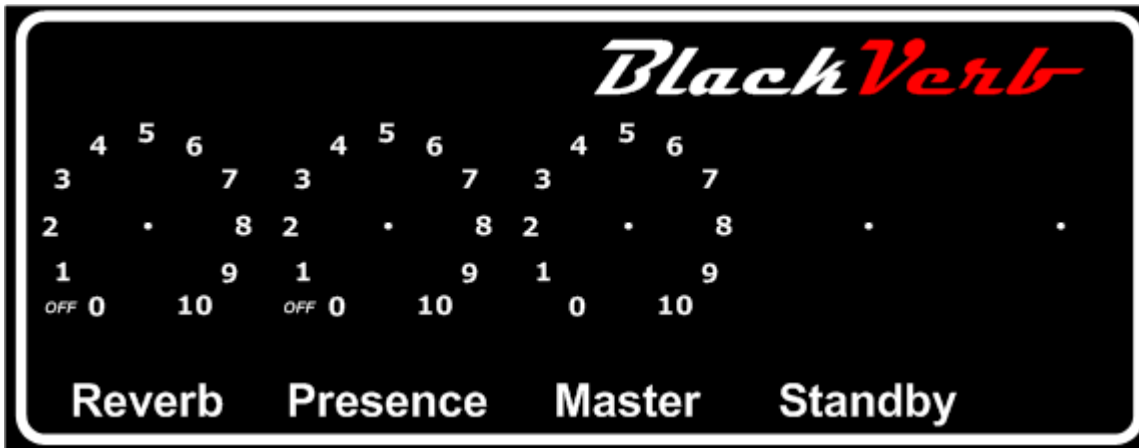
The Drive section controls the amount of character to add to the clean tone. The section's range of effect can be just a hint of early break up or a full on aggressive heavy metal distortion.

Gain Control – Bypasses the section when rotated to zero, this control sets the amount of signal for the first gain stage of the section. Low settings are smoother and higher settings are more aggressive (details in the **Favorite Settings** section).

Drive Control – Sets the amount of distortion by controlling the level between the 2 gain stages of the section. Pull this control to shift into more gain and girth for the distortion.

Level Control – Sets the output volume of the section. Higher settings are “bigger” and more 3 dimensional. Newer versions may have a pull to engage a HI CUT feature.

MASTER SECTION



Reverb Control - Sets the amount of reverberation effect, takes the reverb out of circuit when rotated to zero (there will be a slight volume and tone change).

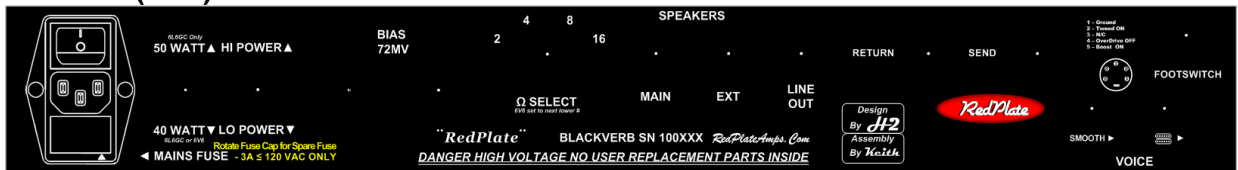
Presence Control – The presence circuit uses global negative feedback to remove low frequencies which frees up bandwidth for more midrange and highs. Think of it as a tone control to balance the relationship between highs and lows, especially when the amplifier is naturally producing increased low end at louder volumes. The control clicks off when rotated to zero for no presence.

Master Volume – This is an active control and actually adds gain at the higher settings. The cleanest tones are achieved at settings below 7.

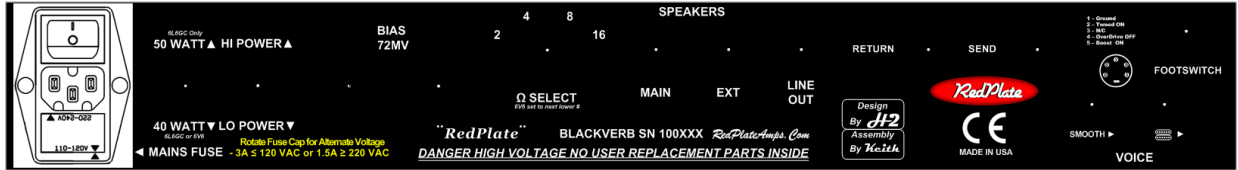
Standby Switch – This switch allows the tubes to warm up before operating the amplifier. Wait 1 minute after power on to move it up to the operate position. For improved tube life and performance do not leave the amplifier in Standby position for longer than 20 minutes (better to just leave it in operate mode during performance intermissions).

REAR PANEL SECTION

Domestic (USA):



Rear Panel Export:



IEC Module – contains the main power switch, power cord inlet connector and the fuse drawer which doubles as the voltage selector on export models. To access the fuse(s) use a small flat blade screwdriver in the notch at the bottom of the power cord inlet connector, the drawer snaps out in a rearward direction. The BlackVerb can accept both the larger (3AG footprint) or smaller European (5mm X 20mm) fuses. A time delay variety (SLO-BLO) is recommended. A fuse in the range of 2.5 to 3 Amps is fine for domestic use (110 – 125 VAC) and 1.25 to 1.5 amps is fine for Export use (220 – 240 VAC). The fuse drawer can be rotated on the export models for voltage selection, make sure the correct value fuse is located on the same side of the fuse drawer as the desired selection arrow. Line up the appropriate arrow on the fuse drawer with the arrow on the bottom right of the module for the proper VAC selection.

50 WATT / 40 WATT Switch – This switch changes the bias architecture of the output tubes from fixed bias (50 WATT) to cathode biased (40 WATT).

The 40 WATT position allows the use of 6V6 tubes for lower power output (~18 Watts with 6V6).

HI/LO POWER Switch – Changes the voltage on the power amp input stage (Phase Inverter tube) so the amplifier breaks up sooner.

Bias adjustment and bias test point – Allows external access for bias adjustment (see bias procedure in the **Maintenance** section).

Impedance Selector Ω - Set this to the total impedance of all attached speakers. When 6V6 tubes are used, set to the next lower number.

Speaker Jacks – The MAIN and EXT jacks are wired in parallel. The MAIN jack must be used first because it has a protection device. ALWAYS HAVE A SPEAKER CONNECTED TO AVOID PERMANENT AMPLIFIER AND OUTPUT TUBE DAMAGE.

LINE OUT – A line level signal jack derived from the speaker output which contains the whole tone of the amplifier.

SEND and RETURN Jacks – The send jack connects to the input of an external effects device and the return jack connects to the output of an external effects device. The return jack interrupts the signal path so the external effects unit must mix the wet and dry signals.

Footswitch Jack - This is a standard 180 degree 5 pin DIN jack for footswitch connection. If a replacement cable is needed, make sure all 5 wires are supported. The pinout is conveniently located on the rear panel for use with automated switcher conversion boxes.

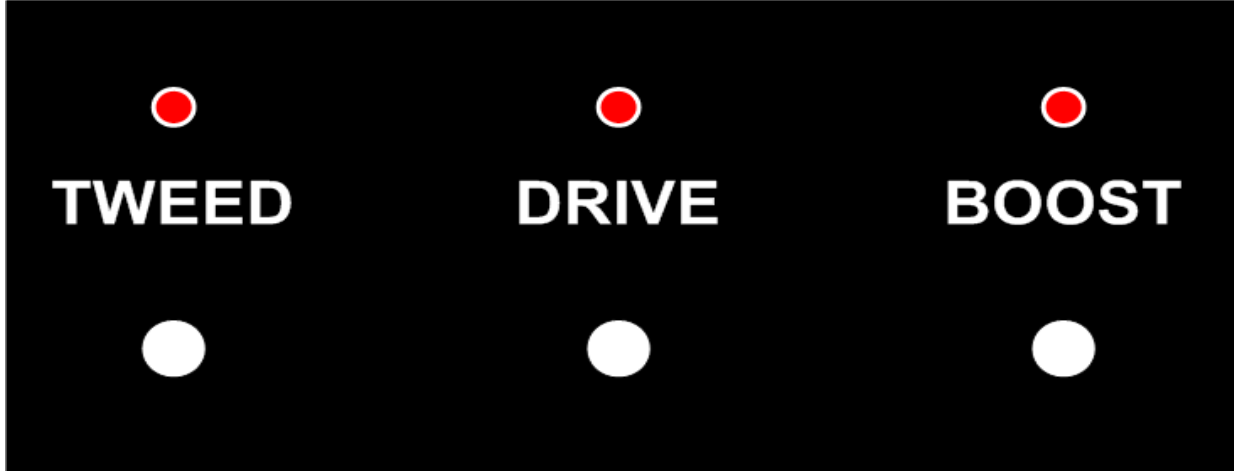
SMOOTH Switch – Employs local negative feedback in the clean preamp for a hint of compression.

Humbucker / Single coil Switch – Sets the amount of bass gain in the input stage, useful for matching the amplifier to the guitar type.

OTHER FEATURES

The BlackVerb comes complete with a 3 button footswitch and a 25' footswitch cable. The cable used is a regular MIDI cable and is readily available in any length at most music stores.

FOOTSWITCH



TWEED – Midrange Boost feature. When engaged the size of the treble capacitor is increased to allow for more upper midrange, at the same time it does a lift of the midrange control for maximum midrange. The effect can be lessened by pulling the front panel Volume control which eliminates the midrange control lift. The footswitch button does not work when position 6 of the rotary MODE switch on the front panel is selected because it is a duplicate function.

DRIVE – Character Boost feature. When lit, the Drive section of the amplifier is active, not lit, means the section is bypassed. The footswitch button does not work when the front panel Gain control is rotated to zero because it is a duplicate function.

BOOST – Girth Boost feature. When lit, adds volume and tone by doing a partial tone stack lift. The footswitch button does not work when the front panel Bass control is rotated to zero because it is a duplicate function.

POWER ON/OFF PROCEDURE

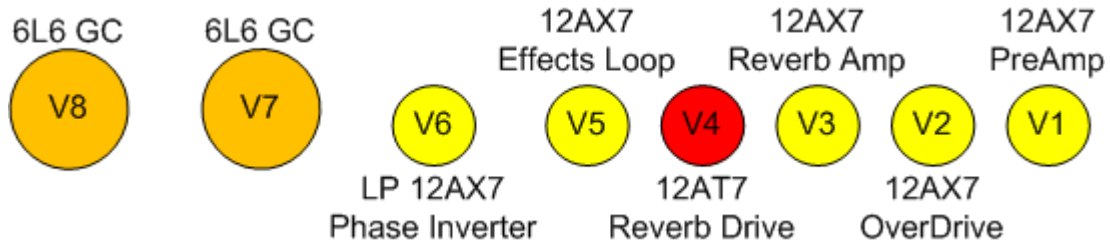
1. Check the front panel Standby switch to make sure it is toggled downward for Standby operation (the Standby switch is located at the right side of the front panel next to the pilot light).
2. Toggle the main power switch to the up position (this switch is located at the top of the IEC input module). The front panel pilot light should be lit.
3. Wait one minute and then toggle the front panel Standby switch upwards to the Operate position.
4. **POWER OFF** – Toggle the main power switch downward, there is no need to go into standby first although it will not hurt anything.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

Your BlackVerb amp has been designed for years of trouble free operation. The vacuum tubes will need to be replaced over time. We recommend new output tubes every 160 - 240 hours and new preamp tubes every 320 - 480 hours.

The front and rear panels have a protective finish that can be easily scratched with abrasives so always use a damp soft cloth to clean them (never use paper towels). The cabinetry can be cleaned with our super secret tolex cleaner (on a paper towel - 2 squirts of WD-40 and 4 squirts window cleaner), let your keyboard player try it on his plastic keys, it replicates the feel of a brand new keyboard.

TUBE CHART



All tube brands are acceptable, a long plate is preferred in the V6 (Phase Inverter) position.

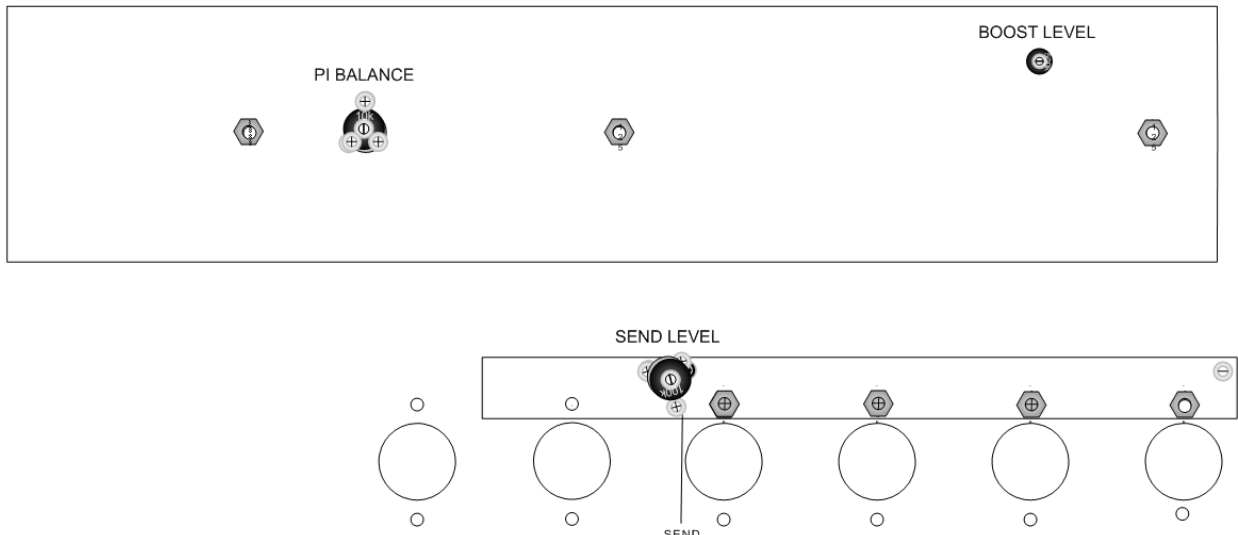
Warning – No user serviceable parts inside so unless you know what you’re doing please refer to a qualified service person only.

BIAS PROCEDURE

See Addendum for BlackVerb88 bias procedure

1. When new 6L6 GC output tubes are installed it is important to re-bias the amp for optimal performance. No biasing needed for 6V6 tubes because they can only be used in cathode bias position.
2. ALWAYS HAVE A SPEAKER CONNECTED.
3. Use a digital volt meter set to DC volts at lowest scale (MV). Make sure the black lead is the common terminal of the meter and the red lead is the DC voltage terminal of the meter.
4. Place the Amplifier in operate mode with the Master Volume and Reverb controls set to zero.
5. Set the 50 WATT/ 40 WATT switch to the 50 WATT position.
6. Place the red meter lead in the test point hole (red tip jack) And touch (or clip) the black meter lead on one of the metal output tube retainer clips.
7. Use a small flat blade screwdriver to adjust the bias pot for a reading of $72\text{MV} \pm 5\text{ MV}$ (FYI - the plate voltage is 470 volts). The reading is the sum of the idle current for both tubes.
8. Recheck the reading after 10 minutes of operation, and again after a week or two of operation.

INTERNAL TRIM POTS



The BlackVerb may have 3 internal trim pots as shown.

1. Boost level – sets the footswitch boost amount (not always present).
2. Send Level – sets the signal size at the Send Jack (not always present).
3. PI Balance – Useful for working with unmatched 12AX7 tubes in the phase inverter position. Refer to qualified personnel for proper setting.

RedPlateAmps Warranty

At RedPlateAmps we pride ourselves making products that are built to last. The workmanship in your RedPlate amplifier is warranted to be problem free for the lifetime of the original owner, or in the event of resale a onetime transfer to a new owner for coverage for 3 years from the original manufacture date (please inform us of an ownership change to insure coverage). The actual electrical components in your amplifier are warranted for a period of 3 years. Exclusions are vacuum tubes, reverb tanks, cables, speakers and cosmetics which are warranted for 30 days. Improper handling or product misuse or product abuse or unauthorized repair work or unauthorized modifications may nullify your warranty. Eligibility for coverage and covered items are at the sole discretion of RedPlateAmps.

RedPlateAmps

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Thanks again for joining the RedPlate Family – Henry

FAVORITE SETTINGS

[Check the website for updates to this section]

Favorite setting #1 (AKA Henry's setting):

Guitar type = Stock '86 Telecaster with volume and tone controls rolled off to 8,

Mood = Bluesy Fusion, clean or dirty depending on touch.

Volume Treble Middle Bass Mode Gain Drive Level Reverb Presence Master

TWEED DRIVE BOOST

VOICE

Favorite setting #2 (AKA Keith’s JP setting):

Guitar Type = Stock ’86 Telecaster with volume rolled back for cleaner rhythm, and then bring volume up for leads and harder rhythm.

Mood = Early Jimmy Page ala “What Is and What Should Never Be”

Volume Treble Middle Bass Mode Gain Drive Level Reverb Presence Master

TWEED DRIVE BOOST

VOICE

Favorite setting #3 (AKA Keith’s LP setting):

Guitar Type = Les Paul or guitar with Humbuckers. For rockin’ rhythm use bridge Humbucker with tweed and drive engaged, to push the amp harder for solos, engage the boost. You can still clean the amp up quite a bit by rolling the guitar volume back.

Mood = Early Black Sabbath to early Van Halen. Just think classic hard rock.

Volume Treble Middle Bass Mode Gain Drive Level Reverb Presence Master

TWEED DRIVE BOOST

VOICE

Blank Template:

Copy or print the next page to record your own favorites. Once you’ve zeroed in on your signature setting please email the completed template to Info@RedPlateAmps.com – we may include your favorite in the online version of this manual.

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TWEED DRIVE BOOST

ADDENDUM

Re: Model **BlackVerb88** (with 80 watt KT-88 output section)

This manual is applicable for the **BlackVerb88** with the following changes:

1. There is no cathode bias option switch.
2. The output tube type is KT-88 only.

BlackVerb88 BIAS PROCEDURE

1. When new KT-88 output tubes are installed it is important to re-bias the amp for optimal performance.
2. ALWAYS HAVE A SPEAKER CONNECTED.
3. Use a digital volt meter set to DC volts at lowest scale (MV). Make sure the black lead is the common terminal of the meter and the red lead is the DC voltage terminal of the meter.
4. Place the Amplifier in operate mode with the Master Volume and Reverb controls set to zero.
5. Set the HI/LO POWER switch to the HI position.
6. Place the red meter lead in the test point hole (red tip jack) And touch (or clip) the black meter lead on one of the metal KT-88 tube spring retainer mounts.
7. Use a small flat blade screwdriver to adjust the bias pot for a reading of $92\text{MV} \pm 5\text{ MV}$ (FYI - the plate voltage is 500 volts). The reading is the sum of the idle current for both tubes.
8. Recheck the reading after 10 minutes of operation, and again after a week or two of operation.

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